# ARTICLE VI PERFORMANCE STANDARDS AND ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

## 600 Design of Commercial Establishments and Nonresidential Uses

It is the intent of this §600 to provide standards for the design of commercial establishments and nonresidential uses (referred to as *commercial establishments*) to assure the compatibility of the nonresidential development with the surrounding character of Glenburn Township. This shall be accomplished by:

- A. Siting buildings, parking areas and other facilities and improvements based upon the particular topography of development site;
- B. Designing buildings with consideration of architectural style and type of construction material in keeping with the surrounding landscape and development pattern using wood or wood-like siding (exposed cinder-block construction shall not be permitted);
- C. Providing safe and convenient access from the public right-of-way based on the existing area-wide traffic circulation pattern and the expected traffic generated by the proposed use;
- D. Designing parking areas to complement patterns of traffic flow and to provide adequate off-street parking for shopping center patrons;
- E. Maintaining to the greatest extent possible natural vegetation and provide landscaping as an integral part of the overall design of the proposed use and parking areas;
- F. Considering the impact of storm water, noise, traffic and lighting on surrounding land uses and providing buffers to minimize adverse impacts; and,
- G. Being consistent with any design guidelines adopted by the Township.

### 600.1 Land Development

Any proposed commercial establishment shall be considered a "land development" as defined by the Pennsylvania Municipalities Planning Code and the Township Subdivision and Land Development Ordinance and shall comply in all respects with all the requirements for plan submission and content for land developments contained therein, as well as the information which follows. Glenburn Township may also require any additional information, studies or reports as it deems necessary to meet the intent of this and other Township Ordinances.

- A. Location, widths, and names of all existing or prior platted streets and utility rights-of-way, parks, and other public open spaces, permanent buildings and structures, houses or permanent easements, and zoning and municipal boundary lines, within five hundred (500) feet of the tract;
- B. A traffic flow chart showing circulation patterns from the public right-of-way and within the confines of the shipping center.
- C. Location and dimensions of vehicular drives, entrances, exits, acceleration and deceleration lanes;
- D. Location, arrangement, and dimensions of automobile parking space, width of aisles, width of bays, angle of parking;
- E. Location, arrangement, and dimensions of truck loading and unloading spaces and docks;

- F. Location and dimensions of pedestrian entrances, exits, walks;
- G. Location, height, and materials of walls, fences, screen plantings, and other landscaped areas.
- H. Preliminary architectural drawings for all buildings;
- I. Location, size, height, and orientation of all signs other than signs flat on building facades;

# 600.2 <u>Site Design Process</u>

The applicant shall demonstrate to the Township by the submission of the necessary land development site plans, that the commercial establishment has been designed as follows:

- A. Mapping of Primary and Secondary Conservation Areas (see §801.4,A,6) to identify all areas of the site which will remain undisturbed, along with noting site development practices which will be used to assure non-disturbance.
- B. Locating the building site.
- C. Locating required buffers.
- D. Laying out street access, parking/loading areas, and other required or proposed improvements.

### 600.3 Ownership

The site proposed for any multiple occupant commercial establishment shall be held in single ownership or in unified control; and the applicant shall provide to the Township evidence of said ownership and/or control.

### 601 Performance Standards Applicable to Nonresidential Uses

The intent of this §601 is to regulate the development and operation of all development in the Township and to protect the environment and the public health, safety and general welfare. No land or building shall be used or occupied in such manner which creates any dangerous, injurious, noxious, or otherwise objectionable condition in such amount to adversely affect the surrounding area, and any such activity is hereby declared to be a public nuisance. However, any use permitted by this Ordinance may be undertaken and maintained if it conforms to all applicable requirements of this Ordinance, including the standards in this §601 which are intended to limit nuisance elements. The following performance standards shall apply to all proposed new or expanded nonresidential uses. The standards in this §601 shall not apply to agricultural uses unless explicitly referenced by a specific section.

## 601.1 Yards and Buffers

Unless otherwise regulated by this Ordinance, where a commercial or manufacturing use is proposed contiguous to any R-1A, R-1B or R-2 District or any existing residential dwelling the minimum size of the abutting yard shall be increased by fifty (50) percent and a landscaped buffer not less than twenty (20) feet in width shall be provided in accord with this §601.1. Storage of equipment, supplies, products or any other materials shall not be permitted in any front yard or side yard. In the case of conditional uses and special exceptions, landscaped buffers may be required by the Township in any yard in order to assure the protection of adjoining uses by providing visual barriers that block the glare of lights; reduce noise; serve as a protective barrier by blocking physical passage to dangerous areas; and reduce air pollution, dust and litter; and, to otherwise maintain and protect the rural character of the District.

- A. In determining the type and extent of the buffer required, the Township shall take into consideration the design of the project structure(s) and site, topographic features which may provide natural buffering, existing natural vegetation, and the relationship of the proposed project to adjoining areas.
- B. The width of the required buffer, as determined by the Township, shall not be less than twenty (20) feet.

- C. A mix of ground cover and shrubbery vegetation and canopy trees, of such variety compatible with the local climate, may be required so that a dense screen not less than six (6) feet in height will be formed within three (3) years of planting.
- D. Berms and landscaped walls or fences, compatible with the principal building design, may be incorporated in the required buffer. Front yard buffers shall be provided in the same manner to a height of not less than four (4) feet: however, all clear sight triangles shall be maintained.
- E. In any case, special consideration shall be given to existing residential uses and sites where residential uses are likely to be developed. In cases where the adjoining use is a commercial use, or when two or more adjacent properties are developed under a common site plan, the width and density of the buffer may be reduced if the Township shall determine that the proposed use and adjoining use(s) are not incompatible.
- F. Design details of buffers shall be included on the site plan, and buffers shall be considered "improvements" for the purposes of guaranteeing installation in accord with the requirements for "land developments" in the Township Subdivision and Land Development Ordinance. It shall be the responsibility of the property owner to maintain all buffers in good condition and replace any dying or dead plants or deteriorating landscape material.

# 601.2 Landscaping - See Article XII.

# 601.3 Operations and Storage

All facilities and operations of any principal use including the storage of raw material, finished products, fuel, machinery and equipment and any other materials or supplies shall be enclosed and carried out within a building; or shall, comply with the requirements of this §601.3. Unenclosed uses and activities shall, in any case, be a minimum of one hundred (100) feet from any existing residential structure or any Residential District, unless a greater setback is required by the Township for conditional uses and special exceptions. Storage of equipment, supplies, products or any other materials shall not be permitted in any front yard or side yard. Unenclosed uses and activities shall be surrounded by a fence, wall or other method adequate to conceal such uses and activities from adjacent property. Any such wall, fence or method shall be not less than ten (10) feet from any property line and not less than twenty-five (25) feet from any public road right-of-way.

#### 601.4 Fire and Explosion Hazards

All activities involving any manufacturing, production, storage transfer or disposal of, inflammable and explosive materials shall be provided with adequate safety devices against the hazard of fire and explosion and adequate fire-fighting and fire suppression equipment and devices standard in the industry shall be required. Burning of waste materials in open fires is prohibited. The relevant provisions of Federal, State and local laws and regulations shall also apply. Details of the potential hazards and details of planned safety and accident response actions shall be provided by the developer for review by the local fire company(s). In the case of conditional uses and special exceptions, larger setbacks, additional buffer areas or fencing may be required by the Township if the nature of the proposed use as determined by the Township so requires.

### 601.5 Radioactivity or Electric Disturbance

No activities shall be permitted which emit dangerous radioactivity, electrical disturbance or electromagnetic radiation adversely affecting the operation of any person or any equipment other than that of the creator of such disturbance. All applicable Federal regulations shall apply.

### 601.6 <u>Noise</u>

The maximum sound pressure level radiated by any use or facility at any lot line shall not exceed the values in the designated octave bands listed in Table 1, after applying the corrections shown in Table 2.

TABLE 1		
Frequency Band (cycles/second)	Sound Pressure Level (decibels re 0.0002 dyne/cm)	
20-75	69	
76-150	60	
151-300	56	
301-600	51	
601-1,200	42	
1,201-2,400	40	
2,401-4,800	38	
4,801-10,000	35	

TABLE 2		
Type of Operation OR Character of Noise	Correction in Decibels	
Day time operation only	+ 5	
Noise source operation less than: a. 20% of any one-hour period b 5% of any one-hour period c 1% of any one-hour period	a. + 5* b. +10* c. +15*	
Noise of impulsive character (hammering, etc.)	-5	
Noise of periodic character (hum, scream, screech, etc.)	-5	
* Apply only one of these corrections.		

The sound pressure level shall be measured with a Sound Level Meter and associated Octave Band Analyzer conforming to standards prescribed by the American Standards Association, Inc., as designated by the Board of Supervisors.

- A. <u>Maximum Levels</u> Maximum permissible sound pressure levels at the lot line for noise radiated continuously from any facility or activity between the hours of 9:00 p.m. and 7:00 a.m. shall be as listed in Table 1.
- B. <u>Corrections</u> If the noise is not smooth and continuous, and is not radiated between the hours of 9:00 p.m. and 7:00 a.m., one (1) or more of the corrections in Table 2 shall be applied to the decibel levels in Table 1.
- C. <u>Exemptions</u> The maximum permissible sound levels of this §601.6 shall not apply to any of the following noise sources:
  - 1. Sound needed to alert people about an emergency or building, equipment, or facility security alarms.
  - 2. Repair or construction work to provide electricity, water or other public utilities between the hours of 7:00 a.m. and 9:00 p.m., except for emergency repairs which shall not be restricted by time.
  - 3. Household power tools and lawn mowers between the hours of 7:00 a.m. and 9:00 p.m.
  - 4. Construction operations (including occasional blasting in construction) and repairs of public facilities between the hours of 7:00 a.m. and 9:00 p.m., except for emergency repairs which shall not be restricted by time.
  - 5. Agricultural activities, but not exempting kennels.
  - 6. Motor vehicles when used on public streets in accord with state regulations.
  - 7. Railroads and aircraft.
  - 8. Public celebrations, specifically authorized by the Township, the County, state or federal government body or agency.
  - 9. Unamplified human voices.
  - 10. Routine ringing of bells or chimes by a place of worship or municipal clock.
- D. Professional Studies and Costs If it is determined that professional analysis is required to enforce this

§601.6 for a particular situation, the owner shall reimburse the Township for such reasonable costs of such analysis. In addition, the Zoning Officer may base a determination under this §601.6 on a written study prepared and certified by a qualified professional and submitted by an affected party. Any such study shall state the methods used and the credentials of the involved professional(s).

#### 601.7 Vibration

No vibration shall be permitted which is detectable without instruments at or beyond the property line; and no use shall generate any vibration which is capable of causing damage to buildings, structures, equipment alignment, or structural soundness. This requirement shall not apply to occasional blasting conducted in accord with applicable regulations that may be necessary during construction of streets, structure and utilities.

# 601.8 <u>Lighting and Glare</u>

Lighting shall be controlled in both height and intensity to maintain community character; and lighting design should be an inherent part of the project design. The standards of the Illuminating Engineering Society shall be used a guideline for the said design. The applicant shall provide the specifications of the proposed lighting and its arrangement on the site; and all required lighting shall be considered improvements for the purpose of regulation by the Township Subdivision and Land Development Ordinance.

- A. <u>Exemption</u> This §601.8 shall not apply to street lighting that is owned, financed or maintained by the Township or State.
- B. <u>Areas to be Lighted</u> All access ways, off-street parking areas and areas of intensive pedestrian use shall be adequately lighted for safety purposes. Appropriate lighting fixtures shall be provided for walkways and to identify steps, ramps, and directional signs.
- C. <u>Shielding</u> No light source shall be exposed to the eye except those covered by globes or diffusers so that the lights are fully shielded to project the light below the horizontal plane of the lowest point of the fixture. Other lighting shall be indirect or surrounded by a shade to hide visibility of the light source.
- D. <u>Glare</u> No direct or sky-reflected glare, whether from overhead lighting, floodlights or from high-temperature processes such as combustion or welding or otherwise, shall be permitted so as to be visible at the property line.
- E. <u>Nuisances</u> The intensity, height and shielding of lighting shall provide for adequate and proper safety, and shall not be a nuisance or hazard to drivers and residents of the Township.
- F. <u>Height</u> The maximum height of light standards shall not twenty-five (25) feet. This limitation shall not apply to lights needed for air safety nor lights intended solely to illuminate an architectural feature of a building.
- G. Type The use of mercury vapor lighting shall be prohibited.
- H. <u>Flashing</u> Flashing, flickering or strobe lights are prohibited, except for non-advertising seasonal lights between October 25th and January 10th.

#### 601.9 Smoke

No emission shall be permitted from any chimney or otherwise, of visible gray smoke of a shade equal to or darker than No. 2 on the Power's Micro-Ringlemann Chart, published by McGraw-Hill Publishing Company, Inc., and copyright 1954.

#### 601.10 Odors

No emission shall be permitted of odorous gases or other odorous matter in such quantities as to be readily detectable without instruments at the property line of the parcel from which the odors are emitted.

#### 601.11 Other Forms of Air Pollution

No emission of fly ash, dust, fumes, vapors, gases and other forms of air pollution shall be permitted which can cause any damage to health, to animals, vegetation, or other forms of property, or which can cause any excessive soiling.

# 601.12 Surface and Ground Water Protection

All activities involving the possible contamination of surface or ground water shall be provided with adequate safety devices to prevent such contamination. In cases where any earth disturbance will result in the excavation of bedrock, the Township may require the applicant to submit a report from a qualified engineer or geologist detailing the geologic structure of the area proposed to be disturbed and identifying the probable impacts on groundwater supply and quality Details of the potential hazards (including the groundwater characteristics of the area in which the use is proposed) and details of planned safety devices and contamination response actions shall be provided by the developer. The Township may require a plan to be submitted for review and approval and may require security for insuring contamination response. Monitoring wells and water quality testing may also be required by the Township. The developer shall also provide details about the use of ground water and any processes that could result in the depletion of ground water supplies. No use shall be permitted which would result in the depletion of ground water supplies. In cases where the use is of such a nature that large volumes of ground water are required the developer shall provide appropriate hydro-geologic studies which clearly establish that the proposed use will not cause a reduction in the quantity or the quality of ground water supplies available to other properties located within one-thousand (1,000) feet of any portion of the property where the proposed use will be located.

### 601.13 Storm Water Management and Soil Erosion Control

A storm water management plan and soil erosion control plan <u>may be required</u> by the Zoning Officer, Planning Commission, Board of Supervisors or Zoning Hearing Board, as the case may be, for review and approval. Said plan shall be prepared and implemented pursuant to the standards contained in the Township Subdivision Ordinance or other applicable Township regulations and County Conservation District standards, and shall be based on generally accepted engineering principles appropriate for the proposed use. The protection of the quality of ground water and surface water shall be an integral part of all proposed storm water management practices; and all storm water management plans shall include an element specifically addressing water quality. The plan shall provide for the minimization of the discharge of "first flush" sediments off the project site or directly to infiltration structures. Containment of "first flush" sediments shall be accomplished by accepted and proven engineering design and practice, including but not limited to the use of grass buffer/filter strips, grass swales, detention basins, sediment traps, and special inlet devices. In any area of the Township where a storm water management plan has been prepared and adopted in accord with the Pennsylvania Storm Water Management Act, the provisions of any applicable storm water control ordinance shall apply.

### 601.14 Waste Materials

No liquid, solid, toxic or hazardous waste shall be stored or disposed in any commercial area, either above or below ground level, except for the temporary storage thereof pending removal from the premises. Such temporary storage and handling of waste shall be in a designated area and shall be conducted in compliance with all applicable state and federal regulations in order to prevent any water, soil or air contamination and shall be screened from view of adjoining properties and any public road right-of-way by fencing or other buffers. In addition, no waste discharge is permitted into any reservoir, sewage or storm water disposal system, stream, open body of water or onto the ground.

All waste materials shall be disposed of only in accord with all applicable state and federal regulations and applications for any use which results in waste materials regulated by the state or federal government shall include a list of all such wastes and the method of temporary storage, handling and disposal.

### 601.15 Handicapped Access

Access for handicapped persons to all uses shall be provided in accord with all applicable state and federal requirements.

# 601.16 Settling and/or Storage Ponds and Reservoirs

All ponds, reservoirs or other such structures which are associated with any manufacturing or industrial process, any sewage or waste disposal process, or agricultural manure management operation shall be fenced or shall otherwise be physically controlled to prevent access by the public. Said fence shall be not less than four (4) feet high and of a design to restrict access to the area to be controlled. Any such structure which contains any material which is poisonous, toxic or caustic, shall be considered a conditional use, and the Board of Supervisors shall, at a minimum, require that such structure be enclosed by a chain link fence not less than eight (8) feet high.

# 601.17 Security

In cases where deemed necessary by the Township (detention facilities and drug treatment centers, for example), the applicant shall provide a plan addressing security needs to protect the health and safety of the public as well as the occupants of the proposed facility. Such plan shall include a description of the specific services to be offered, types of patients and/or residents, to be served, and the staff to be employed for this purpose. The plan shall identify the forms of security normally required with care of the type to be offered and detail the specific measures to be taken in the construction, development and operation of the facility so as to provide appropriate security. The plan shall, at a minimum, reasonably restrict unauthorized entry and/or exit to and from the property and provide for effective separation from adjoining residences by means of fencing, signs or a combination thereof. The plan shall also address measures to ensure that lighting and noise is controlled, particularly with respect to loudspeakers or other amplification devices and floodlights.

# 601.18 Water Supply

All uses shall be provided with an adequate and safe water supply, as demonstrated by evidence to be provided by the applicant, documenting that the siting, density, and design of all proposed residential, commercial, industrial and other developments or uses will assure the availability of reliable, safe and adequate water supplies to support the proposed land use(s) within the capacity of available water resources.

# 601.19 Sewage Disposal

Sewage disposal shall be provided by a system meeting the needs of the proposed use and the requirements of the Township and the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection. Discharge to such system shall be limited to normal, domestic and human bodily wastes unless the treatment system has been specifically designed to handle other wastes or the wastes are pre-treated in accord with Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection or local sewer authority requirements. No discharge of wastes, by-products or materials in any way associated with a production process, health care or veterinary facility medical wastes, funeral home wastes, or other commercial wastes shall be permitted to any subsurface, land application or other soil based sewage disposal system. Any sewage treatment plant facilities shall be a minimum of one hundred (100) feet from any public or private road right-of-way or property line.

### 601.20 Other Regulations

The Zoning Officer, Planning Commission, Board of Supervisors or the Zoning Hearing Board, as the case may be, may require documentation from the Applicant demonstrating that the project complies with all other applicable local, state and federal regulations, and said proposal has obtained all required permits, certifications and authorizations, including but not limited to the PA Department of Transportation, the PA Department of Environmental Protection, the PA Department of Labor and Industry, the Federal Emergency Management Agency and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

# 602 Placement and Screening of Waste Containers

### 602.1 Screening

All trash dumpsters shall be screened on three (3) of four (4) sides (not including the side it is to be emptied from) as needed to screen the dumpster from view from public streets or dwellings on abutting lots. A solid wooden fence, brick wall, evergreen plants or structure designed to be architecturally compatible with the principal building shall be used for such screening.

# 602.2 <u>Setback from Dwellings</u>

Any solid waste container with a capacity over fifteen (15) cubic feet shall be kept a minimum of fifteen (15) feet from any property line.

## 602.3 Food Sales

Any use that involves the sale of ready-to-eat food for consumption outside of a building shall provide at least one (1) outdoor solid waste receptacle for customer use at a convenient location outside of the main exit door of the property. The operator of such use shall be responsible for regular emptying and maintenance of such receptacle.

#### 602.4 Enclosed Containers

Solid waste receptacles stored outdoors shall be adequately enclosed and covered to control the attraction of rodents and insects.

# **Environmental Impact Statement**

The intent of this §603 is to provide the identification of environmental and community impacts and means of mitigation of impacts of development projects in the Township. The Board of Supervisors, Planning Commission, or Zoning Hearing Board, as the case may be, may, based upon the nature of a project and potential impacts on the Township, require the developer to prepare and submit to the Township an environmental impact statement (EIS) for the following types of developments and uses:

- 1. Industrial parks
- 2. Light manufacturing or manufacturing or industrial uses
- 3. Junkyards
- 4. Natural resource uses
- 5. Natural resource uses processing
- 6. Agricultural products processing
- 7. Solid waste facilities and staging areas
- 8. Warehouses and trucking terminals
- 2. Any use involving the initial or cumulative disturbance of 87,120 or more square feet of soil surface areas
- Any use involving the initial or cumulative construction, installation and/or placement of 43,560 square feet or more of buildings, structures or other impervious surface areas
- 11. Any use involving development in any flood plain area

The requirements of this §603 may be applied to any other proposed conditional use or special exception, which for reasons of location, design, existing traffic or other community or environmental considerations, as determined by the Township, warrants the application of the study required contained herein in order to determine what conditions should be required to mitigate any adverse effects of the proposed use. The Board of Supervisors, Planning Commission, or Zoning Hearing Board, as the case may be, may waive certain components of the EIS should such components be deemed unnecessary for certain uses.

#### 603.1 Purpose of EIS

The purpose of this EIS is to disclose the environmental consequences of a proposed action for consideration by the Township for the determination of approval or denial of the project, and, if the project is approved, for the

establishment of conditions of approval. This requirement is made in order to protect the natural environment with respect to water quality, water supply, soil erosion, pollution of all kinds, flooding and waste disposal and to preserve trees and vegetation, to protect water courses, air resources and aquifers.

#### 603.2 Contents of EIS

An Environmental Impact Statement shall include a description of the proposed use including location relationship to other projects or proposals,, with adequate data and detail for the Township to assess the environmental impact. The EIS shall also include a comprehensive description of the existing environment and the probable future effects of the proposal. The description shall focus on the elements of the environment most likely to be affected as well as potential regional effects and ecological interrelationships.

At a minimum, the EIS shall include an analysis of the items listed below regarding the impact of the proposed use and the mitigation of any such impacts; and said proposal shall comply with all other standards included in this Ordinance and other Township Ordinances:

### A. Soil Types

- 1. U.S.D.A. Soil Types (show on map)
- 2. Permeability of soil on the site.
- 3. Rate of percolation of water through the soil for each five acres.

### B. Surface Waters

- 1. Distance of site from nearest surface water and head waters of streams.
- 2. Sources of runoff water.
- 3. Rate of runoff from the site.
- 4. Destination of runoff water and method of controlling down stream effects.
- 5. Chemical additives to runoff water on the site.
- 6. Submission of an erosion and sediment control plan meeting the requirements of the PA DEP and the Lackawanna County Conservation District.
- 7. Said information shall be set forth in a storm water management plan meeting the requirements of the Township Subdivision Ordinance.

#### C. Ground Cover Including Vegetation and Animal Life

- 1. Extent of existing impervious ground cover on the site.
- 2. Extent of proposed impervious ground cover on the site.
- 3. Type and extent of existing vegetative cover on the site.
- 4. Extent of proposed vegetative cover on the site.
- 5. Type of animal life and effect on habitat.

### D. Topographic and Geologic

- 1. Maximum existing elevation of site.
- 2. Minimum existing elevation of site.
- 3. Maximum proposed elevation of site.
- 4. Minimum proposed elevation of site.
- 5. Description of the topography of the site and any special topographic features, and any proposed changes in topography.
- 6. Surface and subsurface geology

#### E. Ground Water

- 1. Average depth to seasonal high water table.
- 2. Minimum depth to water table on site.
- 3. Maximum depth to water table on site.
- 4. Quality

# F. Water Supply

- 1. The source and adequacy of water to be provided to the site.
- 2. The expected water requirements (g.p.d.) for the site.
- 3. The uses to which water will be put.

# G. Sewage Disposal

- 1. Sewage disposal system (description and location on the site, of system).
- 2. Expected content of the sewage effluent (human waste, pesticides, detergents, oils, heavy metals, other chemical).
- 3. Expected daily volumes of sewage.
- 4. Affected sewage treatment plant's present capacity and authorized capacity.

### H. Solid Waste

- 1. Estimated quantity of solid waste to be developed on the site during and after construction.
- 2. Method of disposal solid waste during and after construction.
- 3. Plans for recycling of solid waste during and after construction.

#### I. Air Quality

- 1. Expected changes in air quality due to activities at the site during and after construction.
- 2. Plans for control of emissions affecting air quality.

### J. Noise

- 1. Noise levels, above existing levels, expected to be generated at the site, (source and magnitude), during and after construction.
- 2. Proposed method for control of additional noise on site during and after construction.

### K. Land and Water Surface Use and Community Character

- 1. Past and present use of the site with particular attention to storage or disposal of toxic or hazardous waste
- 2. Adjoining land uses and character of the area.
- 3. Type and concentration of existing water craft uses.
- L. <u>Critical Impact Areas</u> Any area, condition, or feature which is environmentally sensitive, or which if disturbed during construction would adversely affect the environment. Critical impact areas include, but are not limited to, stream corridors, streams, wetlands, slopes greater than 15%, highly acid or highly erodible soils, areas of high water table, and mature stands of native vegetation and aquifer recharge and

discharge areas

- M. <u>Historic Resources</u> Identification of structures or sites of historic significance and probable effect of project.
- N. <u>Transportation Network</u> Existing network traffic volumes and capacities and need for improvements required by project.
- O. <u>Law Enforcement</u> Existing law enforcement capabilities of the Township and State; and assess the impact of the proposed development on said law enforcement agencies along with actions proposed to mitigate any burdens created by the development.
- P. <u>Community Facilities and Services</u> Existing community facilities and services and how the proposed use will effect those facilities and services, including projected needs for additional facilities and services.
- P. <u>Additional Requirements</u> In addition to the above requirements the Planning Commission and/or Township Board of Supervisors or the Zoning Hearing Board may require such other information as may be reasonably necessary for the Township to evaluate the proposed use for its effect on the community.

### 603.3 Additional Considerations

The following shall also be addressed:

- A. A description of alternatives to the proposed use.
- B. A statement of any adverse impacts which cannot be avoided.
- C. Environmental protection measures, procedures and schedules to minimize damage to critical impact areas during and after construction.
- D. A list of all licenses, permits and other approvals required by municipal, county or state law and the status of each.
- E. A listing of steps proposed to minimize environmental damage to the site and region during and after construction.

#### 603.4 Oualifications

The EIS shall be prepared by a professional architect, landscape architect, planner, engineer or other qualified individual whose qualifications have been previously approved by the Board of Supervisors or the Zoning Hearing Board as the case may be.

### 603.5 Procedures for Evaluating the Environmental Impact Statement Shall be as Follows

- A. Upon receipt of the application the Township shall forward the EIS to the Township Engineer and any other Agency or firm which the Township may desire for consultation.
- B. The above mentioned Agencies shall review the applicant's EIS and shall report its comments to the Planning Commission and Board of Supervisors or Zoning Hearing Board.
- C. The Planning Commission and/or Board of Supervisors or Zoning Hearing Board may require the opinion of experts in their review of the EIS.

- D. Fees for the costs of such consultation as described in §§A and §§C above shall be paid by the applicant.
- E. Copies of the EIS shall be on file and available for inspection in the Township office.
- F. The Planning Commission shall evaluate the proposed project and the EIS and recommend action on same to the Board of Supervisors or Zoning Hearing Board.

#### **604** Special Conservation Standards

All uses permitted by this Ordinance shall be subject to the following special conservation performance standards which shall apply to any lands that are characterized as steep slopes, wetlands or flood plains. The procedures and standards are as follows:

### 604.1 <u>Steep Slope Areas</u>

Steep slopes shall be defined as slopes in excess of twenty-five percent (25%) grade as determined by the Zoning Officer, from United States Geological Survey topographic maps or U.S.D.A. Soil Conservation Service maps. In cases where the slope cannot be specifically determined by said means, the Zoning Officer may require the applicant to provide certification from a Professional Engineer or Registered Land Surveyor of the slope in question. Slope shall be measured at the points where any earth will be disturbed or where structures or other improvements are proposed. Any use or development of such steep slope areas shall be considered a conditional use, and in reviewing applications for use of sites partially or wholly included within an area identified as steep-sloped, the Board of Supervisors and Planning Commission shall be satisfied that the following performance standards have been or will be met:

- A. An accurate map prepared by a Registered Surveyor in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania has been submitted showing property boundaries, building and drive locations, contours at two (2) foot intervals and any areas to be graded. The proposed location of other factors shall also be shown including streams, wetlands, areas subject to landslides and extent of vegetative cover.
- B. A grading and drainage plan has been prepared showing existing and proposed ground surfaces, plans for drainage devices, plans for walls or cribbing, etc., map of the drainage area affected, computation of the amount of runoff expected, an erosion control plan and schedule for completion of work.
- C. Impervious surfaces are kept to a minimum.
- D. No finished grade where fill is used shall exceed a fifty (50) percent slope.
- E. Where fill is used to later support structures, a minimum compaction of ninety (90) percent of maximum density shall be achieved.
- F. No more than seven thousand (7,000) square feet of area may be totally cleared for building purposes including house, garage, accessory structures, driveway or other impervious areas.
- G. At least fifty (50) percent of the area to be used for any building or construction purposes shall be less than fifteen (15) percent slope.
- H. Soils characterized by the Soil Conservation Service as highly susceptible to erosion shall be avoided.
- I. Roads and utilities shall be installed along existing contours to the greatest extent possible.
- J. Any steep slope areas also characterized by seasonal high water tables shall be avoided.

- K. Natural vegetation shall be preserved to as great a degree as possible.
- L. In cases where structures are proposed, the applicant shall submit plans to the Zoning Officer detailing how the limitations of slope will be mitigated by the design of the structure(s).

#### 604.2 Wetlands

If the Township determines that wetlands may be present or may be impacted by the proposed development, the Township may require wetlands, as defined and regulated by the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection, the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers and the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, to be delineated on any application proposing a new use or expanded use of land. The applicant shall be responsible for said delineation and shall warrant that said wetlands have been properly delineated. If no wetlands are present, the applicant shall provide a certified statement to that effect. No development shall be undertaken by the applicant except in accord with all State and Federal wetland regulations; and the applicant shall provide to the Township evidence of such compliance. No zoning approval granted by the Township shall in any manner be construed to be an approval of compliance by the applicant with any State or Federal wetland regulations; and the Township shall have no liability or responsibility to the applicant or any other person for compliance with said regulations.

#### 604.3 Buffer for Water Bodies

For the purposes of protecting water quality and ensuring recreational access to water bodies, a buffer zone/building setback of not less than fifty (50) feet shall be maintained from any body of water or stream. No buildings, structures (except uncovered docks), sewage disposal systems or other impervious surfaces (except approved boat launches and street and driveway crossings) shall be constructed or placed within these buffer zones. In residential subdivisions this strip shall be protected via a protective easement.

### 604.3 Floodplain

Floodplain shall be governed by the floodplain regulations contained in Article IX.

#### 604.4 Bedrock Disturbance

See §601.12 and §605.5.

#### 605 Reserved

### **606 Property Line Buffer Areas**

It is the intent of this section to preserve the rural character of the Township by requiring the conservation of trees and other vegetation, especially during the land development process, and by requiring property line buffers. This effort will also minimize the detrimental effects of soil erosion and sedimentation and storm water run-off. The Township's agricultural and other open land are vital to the rural character of the Township, which is the keystone of the local economy, and the preservation of that character will protect and promote the public welfare. This section is not intended to prescribe specific cutting practices; or to prevent or hinder any landowner from realizing financial return from the sale of trees; or to prevent or hinder commercial tree harvesters from operating in the Township in accord with a forest management plan. (Note: This §606 shall not apply to agricultural uses and lands owned by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or the Pennsylvania Game Commission.)

### 606.1 Natural Vegetation

In order to minimize soil erosion and storm water run-off, and to preserve the rural character of the Township, natural vegetation shall be maintained to the greatest extent possible.

- A. Clearing of vegetation shall be limited to those areas of the site needed for proposed and required improvements.
- B. Any part of a site where existing vegetation has been disturbed and which is not used for buildings,

structures, loading or parking spaces and aisles, sidewalks, designated storage areas or other improvements, shall be provided with an all-season ground cover and shall be landscaped.

C. In the case conditional uses and special exceptions, additional landscaping, screening and/or buffers may be required by the Township where the same are determined by the Township as necessary to protect adjoining uses.

### 606.2. Buffer Areas

In addition to the requirements of §606.1, the following requirements shall apply to all parcels in C-1, C-2 and M-1 Districts, and to all parcels of four (4) acres or more in all other districts:

- A. A buffer of not less than seventy-five (75) feet in width shall be maintained along all property lines and any road right-of-way. Existing vegetation in this buffer area shall not be disturbed except that trees may be harvested to the extent that the basal area of trees in the seventy-five foot buffer area shall not be reduced below fifty (50) percent of the basal area present before cutting or below sixty-five (65) square feet per acre, whichever is higher. Basal area is the area in square feet per acre occupied by tree stems at four and one-half (4.5) feet above the ground, normally measured by a calibrated prism or angle gauge. This buffer shall be maintained until such time as a development plan is approved for the parcel in accord with this Zoning Ordinance.
- B. Clearing of vegetation and landscaping for a development project shall be in accord with an overall plan to be submitted with the zoning and land development plan application. Such clearing shall not be initiated until the application is approved by the Township. For the purposes of installation, landscaping shall be considered an improvement in accord with the Township Subdivision and Land Development Ordinance. The clearing and landscaping plan shall show the type and extent of existing vegetation, the area proposed for clearing and proposed landscaping.

# 607 Major Impact Developments

Certain development proposals are hereby classified as having major impacts on the health, safety and welfare of the Township. Such proposals shall be subject to additional review criteria and development standards so that such concerns may be adequately addressed. All major impact development shall be considered a conditional use, unless otherwise classified as a special exception, and shall be permitted only in those Districts where so provided by this Ordinance. A major impact development shall meet all other supplementary regulations applicable to the use and be processed like any other conditional use and the following additional standards (superseding to the extent they are more strict, any other requirements contained within this or other Township Ordinances) shall apply.

Major impact developments shall be determined from their estimated trip generation rates and are hereby defined to include any use or any addition to a use established after the effective date of this Ordinance, as amended, which will generate more than two hundred and fifty (250) trip ends per day. Any proposed use or expansion of an existing use which will generate more than twenty-five (25) trip ends per day of trucks of a commercial or heavier class shall also be considered a major impact development in all cases.

The requirements of this section may also be applied to those uses enumerated in §603 for which an environmental impact study may be required. In addition, the requirements of this section shall also be applied to any proposed conditional use or special exception, which for reasons of location, design, existing traffic of other environmental considerations, as determined by the Township, warrants the application of the study and development standards contained herein.

The number of trip ends shall be determined by applying to the proposed use the trip generation rates from the most current edition of *Trip Generation* published by the Institute of Transportation Engineers. Where doubt exists as to the applicable standard, or a specific use is not listed, the final determination made by the Board of Supervisors.

Development proposals involving more than one use shall be evaluated by summing the rates and calculations for each individual use.

## 607.1 <u>Transportation Impact Study</u>

Prior to the issuance of a use permit and/or the granting of preliminary subdivision approval for any major impact development, the applicant shall prepare a transportation impact report which shall be reviewed by the Township Planning Commission and approved by the Board of Supervisors or the Zoning Hearing Board as the case of conditional uses and special exceptions, respectively. The transportation impact report is designed to identify the transportation (traffic) impacts and problems which are likely to be generated by the proposed use as well as improvements required to ensure safe ingress to and egress from the development, maintenance of adequate street capacity and elimination of hazardous conditions.

The transportation impact report shall include the following:

- A. <u>Highway Network</u> A detailed description of the highway network within one (1) mile of the site including all intersections, and railroad grade crossings, proposed ingress and egress locations, existing roadway widths and right-of-ways and existing traffic control devices. In cases where the development has direct access to a road other than an arterial or collector, the detailed description shall be made to include one (1) mile beyond the intersection with the next collector or arterial.
- B. Traffic Conditions A detailed description of existing traffic conditions for all roads which have direct access to the proposed development site, including assembly of average daily traffic data accumulated by the Pennsylvania Department of Transportation since 1960 and a map plotting of all highway accidents of which the Department has record as well as an analysis of the causes of such accidents. A 24 hour traffic count shall also be conducted for a period of 7 consecutive days on each road with direct access. The existing average daily traffic volume and the highest average peak hour volume for any weekday hour between 3 PM and 6 PM or any weekend hour between 10 AM and 10 PM shall be recorded. Seasonally adjusted figures based on patterns observed by the Department shall also be prepared.
- C. <u>Average Daily Traffic</u> A calculation of estimated ADT after development based on the trip generation rates contained in the above table. Estimates shall also be made of the peak hourly traffic volumes for 3 PM to 6 PM on weekdays and 10 AM to 10 PM on weekends.
- D. <u>Capacities</u> Highway and intersection capacities (maximum safe traffic volumes) shall be determined for each of the roads with direct access to the proposed development. This portion of the report shall be prepared in consultation with the Township Engineer, who shall, in turn, consult with the Pennsylvania Department of Transportation regarding roads under Commonwealth jurisdiction. Critical elements to be considered in these calculations are: lane widths, restricted clearances, passing distances, percentages of trucks or buses, grades, average speeds and restrictions, numbers and characters of driveways and private accesses, percentages of right-hand and left-hand turns, alignment, roadway surfacing and the general condition of the highway.
- E. <u>Projected Traffic</u> Projected total future traffic demands (during peak periods and on an average basis) shall be calculated for all roads with direct access to the proposed development. This demand shall consist of existing traffic volume plus an assumed normal increase of traffic volume of one percent per year and the anticipated traffic for the proposed development. Peak traffic demands for each road and each intersection shall be compared with capacity figures. Should peak traffic demand following completion of the development or five years from the date of application (whichever would occur later) be projected to exceed capacity, the roadway or intersection shall be considered deficient and the development shall not be permitted unless the applicant/developer makes the road improvements necessary to increase the capacity sufficiently to accommodate the traffic from the proposed development or provides a financial guarantee

suitable to the Board of Supervisors to ensure the completion of such improvements.

F. <u>Truck Use</u> - For proposed uses that involve the use of heavy trucks as an integral part of the operation of the use or involve the sale or purchase of goods or products that require the use of a large volume of heavy trucks, the impact report shall include an analysis of the capabilities of the roads servicing the proposed use to carry the weight and volume of the truck traffic anticipated. Such analysis shall include on evaluation of the cross-section construction of said roads including drainage, base material, binder material and wearing course as well as construction of shoulders. The report shall also include a statement setting forth the types, gross weights (loaded) and numbers of trucks involved with the proposed use. No use shall be permitted that will result in the accelerated deterioration of any public road servicing the proposed use.

#### 607.2 Buffer Requirements

Special setback (yard) requirements to deal with the impacts detailed above and provide a buffer for adjoining landowners may be required by the Township for major impact developments in accord with §601 of this Ordinance, but in no case, shall be less than one-hundred (100) feet.

# 607.3 Ancillary Activities

All non-residential major impact developments, such as hotels, may include other commercial activities (such as coffee shops and beauty salons) not normally permitted in the district provided the floor area they utilize shall not exceed ten (10) percent of the gross floor area of all structures. Any use which would exceed this limitation shall be fully subject to the provisions of this Ordinance and meet all lot size, parking and other requirements separate and apart from each and every other use on the site, although more than one use may be permitted in a single building in which case the strictest applicable setbacks shall apply. Additional parking shall be provided for all ancillary activities at the ratio of one parking space for each 50 square feet of floor area or active recreation area open to non-residents or persons who are not guests, including ballrooms, game rooms, tennis courts, pools, theaters and the like.

#### 607.4 Road Standards

The following special road standards (in addition to those normally applicable requirements) shall apply to all non-residential major impact developments:

- A. Access No access to a major impact development shall be located within three hundred (300) feet of any similar access to the public highway except if such access is directly opposite the proposed access.
- B. <u>Clear Sight Triangle</u> A seventy-five (75) foot clear sight triangle shall be provided at the intersection of any access with the public right-of-way.
- C. <u>Lighting</u> The access may be lighted by approved street lighting but lights shall not be so directed as to produce glare or otherwise hamper the flow of traffic.

## 607.5 Procedures for Evaluating the Transportation Impact Study (TIS) Shall be as Follows

- A. Upon receipt of the application the Township shall forward the TIS to the Township Engineer and any other Agency or firm which the Township may desire for consultation.
- B. The above mentioned Agencies shall review the applicant's TIS and shall report its comments to the Planning Commission and Board of Supervisors or Zoning Hearing Board.
- C. The Planning Commission and/or Board of Supervisors or Zoning Hearing Board may require the opinion of experts in their review of the TIS.

- D. Fees for the costs of such consultation as described in §§A and §§C above shall be paid by the applicant.
- E. Copies of the TIS shall be on file and available for inspection in the Township office.
- F. The Planning Commission shall evaluate the proposed project and the TIS and recommend action on same to the Board of Supervisors or Zoning Hearing Board.